Caltrain Board Budget Workshop

May 29, 2025





Workshop Agenda

- 1. Workshop Stage & Goal Setting
- 2. FY26 & FY27 Operating Budget & 10-Year Strategic Financial Plan
- 3. Strategies to Address Operating Shortfall
- 4. Capital Budget & Funding Strategy
- 5. Discussion & Next Steps



Workshop Stage & Goal Setting

Executive Director: Michelle Bouchard



Stage Setting

- The FY2026 operating budget is balanced but remains at risk due to uncertainties in state funding
- A projected **operating deficit of \$67 million is anticipated for FY2027** and will require additional external funding
- The capital improvement program has identified critical projects that will require a grants funding strategy. **Not all of it can be funded and will require prioritization.**
- The timeline and **uncertainty surrounding the regional measure** indicate it cannot alone be relied upon for near-term financial relief
- A plan for **long-term fiscal stability** needs to be developed. Caltrain has potential on both the cost containment and revenue enhancement side to supplement new external funding.



Workshop Goals

- Provide an update on Caltrain's FY2026 Operating Budget and 10-Year Strategic
 Financial Plan
- Discuss strategies to regain financial stability and resiliency with the focus on strategies over which Caltrain has more control
- Receive Board general direction on strategies to focus on to balance FY2027 Operating Budget
- Receive Board general direction on priorities to pursue to enhance long term financial outlook
- Ensure understanding of the *policy and resource implications* for each direction and priority considered



Where Should Staff & Funding Resources Go?

Quick Board Survey



Grow Ridership

- Promoting electrified service
- Special events
- Partnerships and promotions
- Engage employers in return-to-office efforts



Increase Fare Revenue

- Increase price for existing fare
 products
- Go Pass reform and promotion
- Evaluate alignment of ridership and revenue growth

Generate Non-Fare Revenue

- Advertising & Naming Rights
- Fiber Optic Leasing
- Energy Storage and Solar
- Transit Oriented Development
- Real Estate assets/lease
 management

•Cost Containment/Reductions

- Reduce rail operator costs
- Ongoing effort to control and reduce wage and benefit costs
- Control and reduce non-labor costs



Funding Advocacy Efforts

- Operating funding support from State
- SB 63 Regional Measure
- Transit Development Act reform
- Cap and Invest program



- Feasibility of contributions for operations
- Partner with member agencies to utilize the funding dedicated to Caltrain timely and effectively
- Explore Caltrain-only measure



FY26 & FY27 Operating Budget and 10-Year Strategic Financial Plan

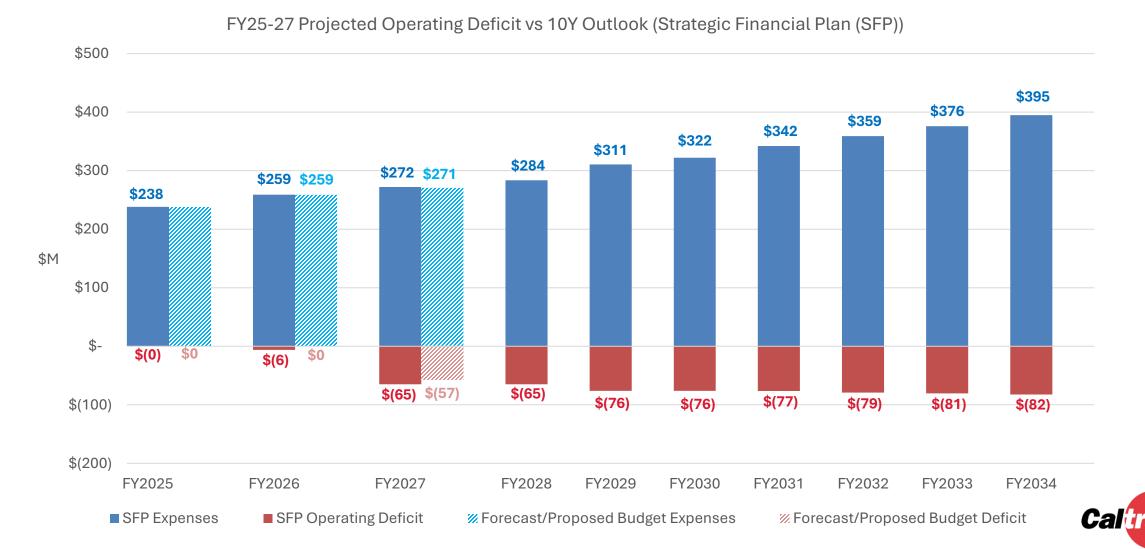


Chief Financial Officer: Kate Jordan Steiner

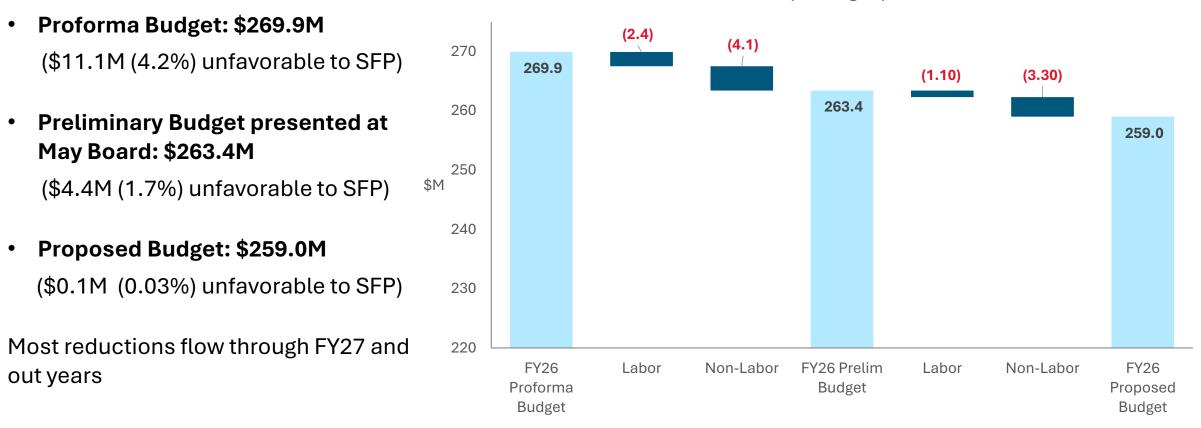


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FY25-FY27 Budgets : January 2025 10-Year Strategic Financial Plan



FY26 Uses & Reductions (in \$ Millions)



FY26 Operating Expenses

Total Reduction



Reductions in FY26 Budget

Categories of reductions and impacts

- 1. Labor: \$9.8M
 - Operating: \$3.5M, 18.6 FTE
 - Capital: \$6.3M, 32.4 FTE

2. Non-Labor: \$7.4M

- \$1.9M Consultant and Other Contracted Services
- \$1.4M Rail Operator Service
- \$1.3M Interest and Bank Fees
- \$0.7M System Software
- \$0.6M Clipper Operator Charges
- \$0.6M Software Maintenance and License
- \$0.9M Other Various Reductions



Operating Budget Risks

- Insurance premiums & claims
- Sales tax
- Electricity/ Fuel
- State: Transportation Bill, LCTOP (formula), SB125 (allocation)

Capital Budget Risks

- Federal: 5337 SOGR
- State: AHSC for EMUs, SB125, TIRCP
- Increasing project costs



FY27 Budget Scenarios

- Goal: Address funding shortfall while growing ridership and maintaining customer experience
- Continue cost containment
- Grow revenue including fare and parking fee increases
- Seek bridge funding

Measure Succeeds	Measure Fails & External Support	Measure Fails & No External Funding	
Maintain and enhance customer experience	Pursue new funding, including member contributions for	 Drastic service cuts including hourly service, reduced operating 	
 Continue cost containment and reductions 	 operations Aggressive cost reduction such as hiring freeze, reduce reliance on consultant support, reduce rail operator costs Service cuts 	hours, eliminating sections of service, weekend service, and	
 Maintain operating transfers for State of Good Repair 		some station closures Reduction in Force 	
 Seek bridge funding until external revenue is available (subject to availability) 			



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FY27 Budget Development Schedule

- Budget Scenarios November 2025
- Member Agency operating contribution commitments January 2026
- Budget Workshop Feb/ March 2026
- Preliminary Budget May 2026
- Proposed Budget June 2026



BBA Consultant: Alex Burnett



Projected Operating Deficit – May 2025

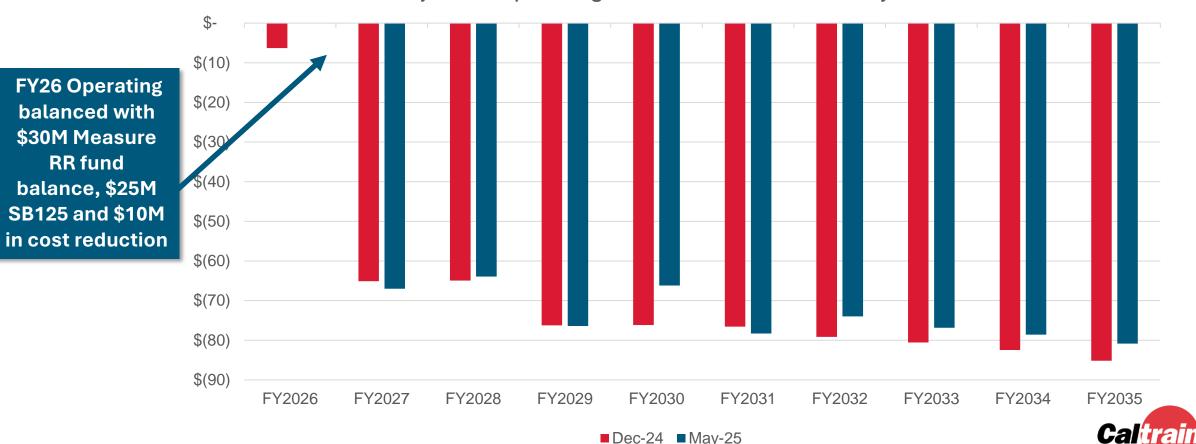
Cumulative Projected 10 Year Operating Deficit is ~\$670M



Average Annual Deficit (FY27 to FY35) = \$74M/yr

Projected Operating Deficit – Dec 2024 vs May 2025

May 2025 Forecast in line with December 2024



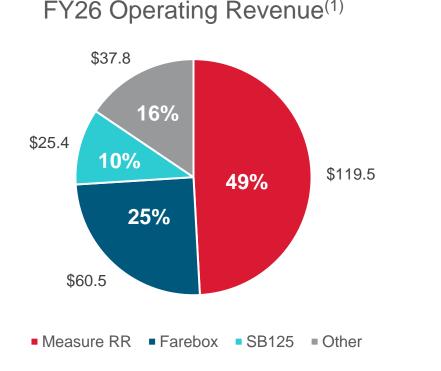
Projected Operating Deficit Dec. 2024 vs. May 2025

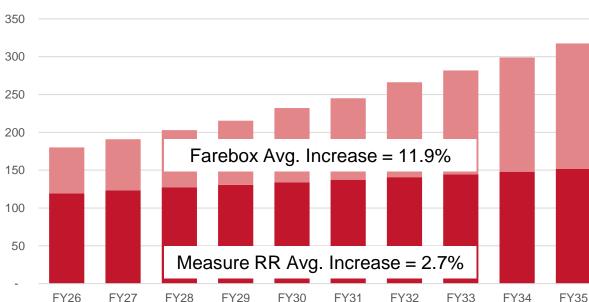
Key Revenue Drivers

Largest revenue drivers are Measure RR and Farebox, which are ~75% of total revenues.

- One challenge is that the revenue drivers have limited growth potential outside of farebox.

Millions





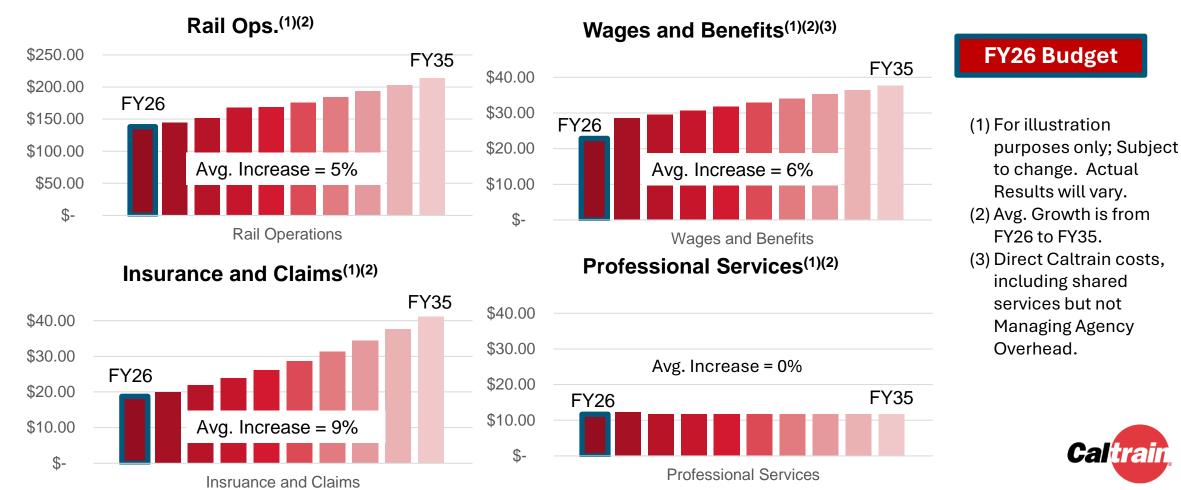
Measure RR Farebox

Farebox and Measure RR Revenue



Key Expense Drivers

Largest forecasted expense increases over the next 10 years vs. 10-year forecast in Dec. 2024 are: Rail Operations (\$80M), Wages and Benefits (\$76M) and Insurance/Claims (\$35M).



Potential Service Cuts

Caltrain has evaluated potential service reductions, and the question is what long-term expense reductions could Caltrain make to offset the loss of farebox revenues.

- The provision of hourly service might reduce ridership by 30% to 50%.
- FY26 Electricity Budget is \$16.8M a 30% to 50% reduction would save \$5 to \$8M per year or \$50M to \$80M over the next 10 years.
- Potential financial savings require lasting systemic cuts with Federal approval.
 - o Eliminating significant portions of service
 - Renegotiating Rail Operator Contract
 - Reduction in labor/crewing
 - Deferring capital, SOGR investments, and maintenance
 - Retiring/mothballing portions of the fleet

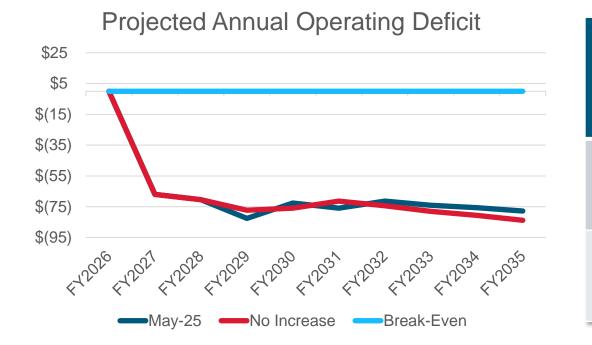
Scenario	Farebox Revenues	Impact	
Current Forecast	\$1.1 Billion		
~30% Decline	\$770 Million	(\$330 Million)	
~50% Decline	\$550 Million	(\$550 Million)	



Service Sensitivity

The SFP assumes an increase to 5 trains per hour (tph) peak in FY29 and 6 tph peak in FY31.

- $\circ~$ We also evaluated the impact of maintaining current service levels through FY35.
- \circ While highly assumption driven, the reduction in expenses is offset by reduction in farebox revenues.



AVG. Ridership Growth FY26 to FY35	Est. FY35 Avg. Weekday Ridership	Est. FY35 Total Expenses	Est. FY35 Annual Deficit	Est. Cumulative Deficit FY26 to FY35
9.9%	76K	\$425M	\$78M	\$670M
8.6 %	66K	\$410M	\$84M	\$675M



Discussion Questions

Additional information and alternatives

 Over the next year, some combination of member contributions, state/ federal funding, fare increases, and expense reductions are necessary to balance the FY 27 budget and address the long-term funding gap. What additional information/alternatives would be helpful to inform the Board's decisions on addressing FY 27 and beyond over the next 6 months?

Process and timeline

• What process would best serve the Board for developing the FY 27 budget and engaging with member agencies and the public in rolling out new policies to address the funding gap?

Potential service cuts and cost reductions

 If no additional revenue is secured, service cuts and expense reductions will need to be considered and evaluated. Ridership losses from any service cuts could offset savings and have lasting impacts on revenue. Are there other alternatives we should be considering? What should staff prioritize in FY 27?



Strategies to Address Operating Deficit

Chief, Commercial & Business Development: Li Zhang



Strategies to Focus on Today







Fiber Optic Cable and Telecommunications Leasing

Fare Revenue

Ridership Growth

Non-Fare Revenue Strategies



Setting Expectations

In the short term, these strategies **will not address Caltrain's near-term budget deficits**, but in the middle-long run, they will be critical in helping the agency regain financial resiliency and stability:







Diversify revenue sources to allow greater fiscal **resiliency** in the long run Help maintain current service level while bringing **innovations** (e.g., energy storage systems) Wholistically manage the limited resources and track the results of each strategy

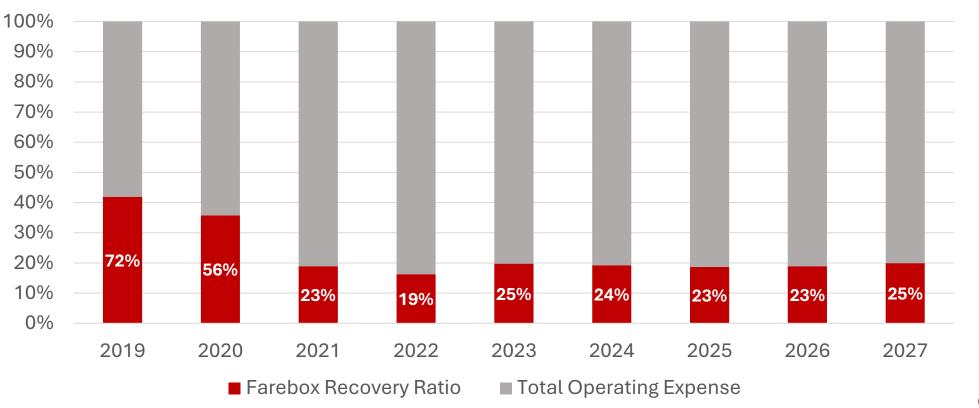


Deputy Director, Caltrain Policy Development: Melissa Jones



Role of Fares in Caltrain's Business

- Before the COVID-19 pandemic, fare and parking revenue comprised over 70% of Caltrain's operating revenue.
- Now, they are projected to account for approximately one quarter of Caltrain's near-term revenue.



Historic and Projected Farebox Recovery Ratios

Current Fare Structure Overview

Caltrain fare pricing is based on the number of zones in a passenger's trip:

- **Fare charged = Base Fare** for first zone traveled + **Zone Upgrade** for each additional zone traveled.
- Caltrain has **6 zones** from San Francisco to Gilroy.

Adopted fare increases alternate annually between \$0.25 increases in **Base Fare** and **Zone Upgrade** through FY28.

Adopted Fare Structure Changes*	NOW	FY26 (07/25)	FY27 (07/26)	FY28 (07/27)
Base Fare - Adult	\$3.75	\$4.00	\$4.00	\$4.25
Zone Upgrade - Adult	\$2.25	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$2.50
One-Way Youth Fare	\$1	\$1	\$1	\$1

NOTES:

Excludes Go Pass. *All fares in table do NOT include \$0.55 discount off Base Fare for Clipper purchases.



Current Fare Structure provides "levers" that can be changed, or "pulled"



Base Fare

Zone Upgrade Fare

Clipper Discount

Monthly Pass Product

Post-Clipper Next Generation Fare Structure

Adopted – May 6, 1992 Last Revised – April 3, 2025 Effective – TBD by Metropolitan Transportation Commission, upon Clipper Next Generation Going Live

PENINSULA CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS BOARD STATE OF CALIFORNIA

CALTRAIN FARE STRUCTURE

This document establishes the fare structure for use of Caltrain passenger rail service, which operates between San Francisco and Gilroy, California. For pricing, refer to Section V, Fare Chart.

I. FARE CATEGORIES

A. Full Fare

Full Fares apply to all customers except those who qualify for an Eligible Discount Fare, Youth Fare or Clipper START.

B. Eligible Discount Fare

Customers qualifying for the Eligible Discount Fare receive at least a 50% discount off full fares. A customer qualifies for the Eligible Discount Fare by meeting or possessing any one or more of the requirements below. Proof of age or appropriate identification may be necessary when ticket is requested by the conductor or fare inspector.

1. Aged 65 years or older.

2. Disabled Person Placard Identification Card issued by the California State Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV).

3. Medicare Card.

- 4. Regional Transit Connection (RTC) Discount Card for persons with disabilities, including Clipper[®] cards that are designated as RTC Discount Cards. A personal care attendant travelling with an RTC Discount Card holder can pay the Eligible Discount Fare if the RTC Discount Card is marked with an attendant symbol.
- Valid transit discount card issued by another California transit agency, which is equivalent to the RTC Discount Card.

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Thinking beyond the Current Fare Structure...

Key Levers Can Be Pulled To Increase Revenue

High-Level, Preliminary Estimates of Additional Revenue Gains from Individual Fare Changes

(beyond already adopted changes):

- Base Fare increase by \$0.25: \$1.2 \$1.4M/year
- Zone Upgrade Fare Increase by \$0.25: \$1.8M \$2.0M/year
 - Clipper Discount Eliminated: \$1.4M \$1.6M/year



Ridership is more directly impacted by changes to **service levels, macro-economic and employment trends**



Higher fares can be a **barrier to long-term ridership growth** and attracting new riders



The public generally tolerates higher fares only to a certain point; higher fares can also introduce concerns related to **equity and access**



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Fare Revenue Draft Schedule for Launching Additional Fare Changes

The soonest Caltrain could implement <u>additional</u> changes to its Fare Structure is **January 1, 2026**. The draft schedule for achieving the January 1, 2026 launch is shown here.

In FY27 and beyond, Next Generation Clipper could enable more substantial changes to Caltrain's Fare Structure, such as introducing a new product called accumulators or changing from zones to station-to-station pricing. Caltrain staff would need to study potential changes and their impacts before recommending changes to the Board.

September 2025

• Finance Committee holds public hearing and approves Title VI analysis and fare recommendations

October 2025

 Board approves recommended Fare Structure & Title VI analysis findings

January 2026

Fare changes go live



Chief of Staff: Casey Fromson



Ridership reaching post-pandemic records

- Nearly 60% increase ridership from April 2024 to April 2025
- Total monthly ridership April, nearly 925,000 riders
- Weekend ridership, highest in Caltrain's history
- Cross Departmental Ridership Growth Taskforce created to continue to monitor, evaluative, track and implement strategies



Current ridership: 56% of 2019 levels



Current Growth Focus

Go Pass Program Revitalization Redesign of Caltrain's successful 20-year-old employer pass program in response to participant feedback. Greater flexibility.

Marketing / Special Event Promotion An "always on" campaign targeted at many different types of rider (worker, student, tourist, families, etc.) and special event partnership and promotion

City Partnerships Toolkit Working with cities to drive ridership through changes in land use and development policies, Go Pass participation, strategic plans.



Revitalized Go Pass Program

In April, The Board approved the removal of Go Pass from the fare structure and provide the ED the authority to set prices/terms to allow timely adjustment to the post-pandemic commuting environment and build partnerships that align with ridership recovery and revenue stabilization and growing goals

Recent Program Updates:

- Outreach emails to 175 identified leads and past participants; 15 specific meetings
- 2 organizations enrolled under revised structure
- Larger organizations have expressed interest in enrolling in 2026
- Actively working with a commuter benefits provider to explore integration of Go Pass into their platform for streamlined administration
- Plan comprehensive update at December board



Special Events / Partnerships



BayFC Partnership and Promotion



BEAT THE TRAFFIC. Go Faster. Go Caltrain.

Learn more at caltrain.com/go

Calⁱrain





Enhanced Giants Partnership and Promotion



Summer of Caltrain Activations Planned



Themed Concert Cars



Ridership Growth

City Partnerships Toolkit

- City Worker Go Passes
- Transportation Demand Management
- Development Agreements
- Local Ordinances
- Transportation Management Associations
- Station Access
- Parking Management
- Transit Oriented Development

Refining first tier target cities and programs

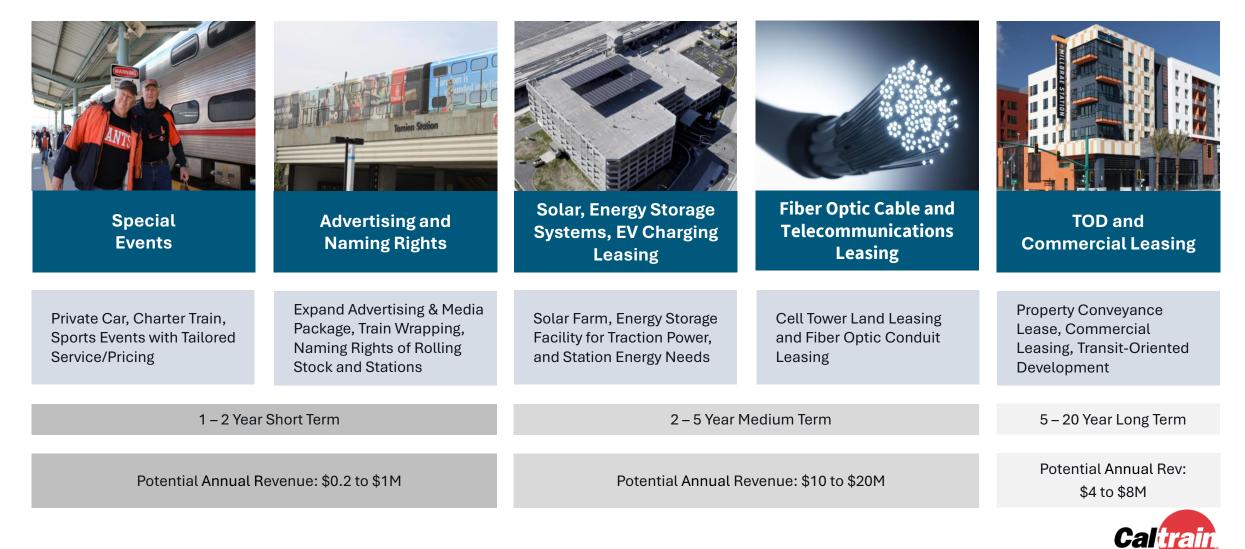




Director, Budgets and Financial Analysis: Oscar Quintanilla Lopez Manager, Intelligent Infrastructure: Uhila Makoni Manager, Energy: John Passmann Hatch Consultant: Laura Aldrete



Roadmap Overview

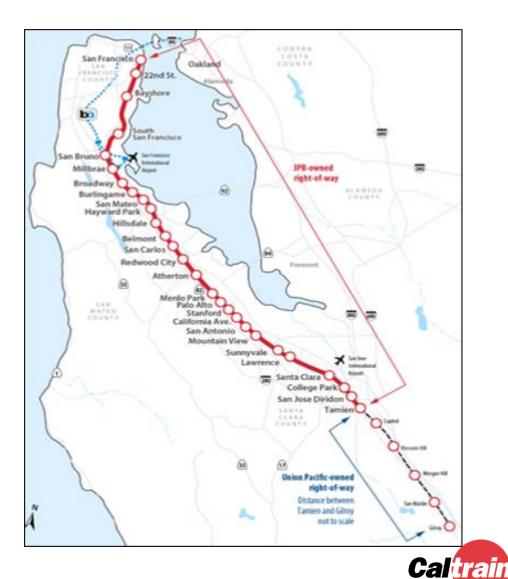


Focus: Wireless & Fiber Optic Leasing

Caltrain

As part of the Caltrain Modernization Program, Caltrain installed 52 miles of conduit and fiber optic cable within the Caltrain right-of-way from San Jose to San Francisco

- Opportunity to monetize existing fiber optics infrastructure
- Requires identifying and repairing inner-ducts, laying new fiber cable, and exploring options for monetizing the asset



Focus: Fiber Optic Leasing

Case Study: BART

20-Year revenue sharing agreement for commercial fiber and wireless telecommunications with private company

- 200 miles of fiber optic cabling
- Private firm committed \$48 million infrastructure investments and ongoing maintenance
- BART expected to generate \$243 million over 20 years.
- Revenue in FY 24 \$9 million, anticipated to grow to \$11.2 million in FY 25.

The BART Digital Railway

Commercial Telecommunications Revenue



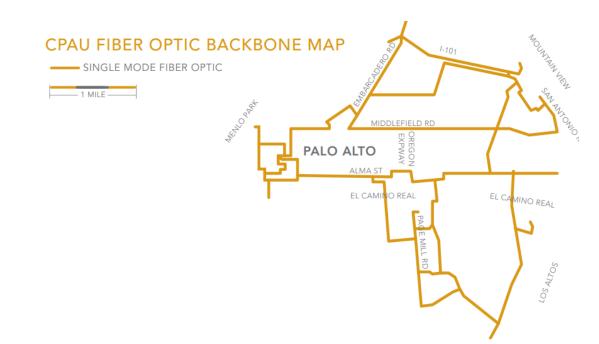


Focus: Fiber Optic Leasing

Case Study: City of Palo Alto Utilities

The City of Palo Alto leases its fiber infrastructure to businesses, connecting commercial buildings to internet providers

- 58 route miles of fiber cable
- 164 commercial buildings connected
- Reported \$934,000 in net revenue in FY 24
- The City of Palo Alto is working to expand its services and provide broadband high-speed internet directly to homes and businesses





Focus: Solar

Caltrain

Communication Hill Site:

- 3.3 acres
- 2 MW
- Potential for 3,000,000 kWh annual production
- Caltrain could explore owning panels, power purchase agreement options, or leasing site to solar developer





Focus: Solar

Case Study: Santa Clara County

Site	MW	Acres	Annual kWh	Annual Savings
Malech Road	3.84	9	6,384,883	\$ 481,084.28
Guadalupe Parkway	2.07	6	3,421,713	\$ 234,813.64
Reid Hillview Airport	1.04	3	2,109,316	\$ 161,494.68
San Martin Airport	1.36	6	2,827,478	\$ 268,381.92
Hellyer Park Landfill	2.74	7	4,609,800	\$ 349,507.60
Holden Ranch	0.31	1	650,896	\$ 92,065.32

- Contracted with SunPower to identify sites, build, and maintain solar generation facilities on County land
- 11 acres with no other uses identified
- Offsets 20% of SCC's electricity consumption
- Facilities built prior to behind the meter export compensation changes in 2023 which decreased compensation by ~75%



Focus: Energy Storage

Caltrain

- Potential for solar + battery at major stations such as:
 - Diridon
 - Gilroy
- Reduce peak demand charges and overall energy costs
- Requires comprehensive assessment of opportunities across all stations

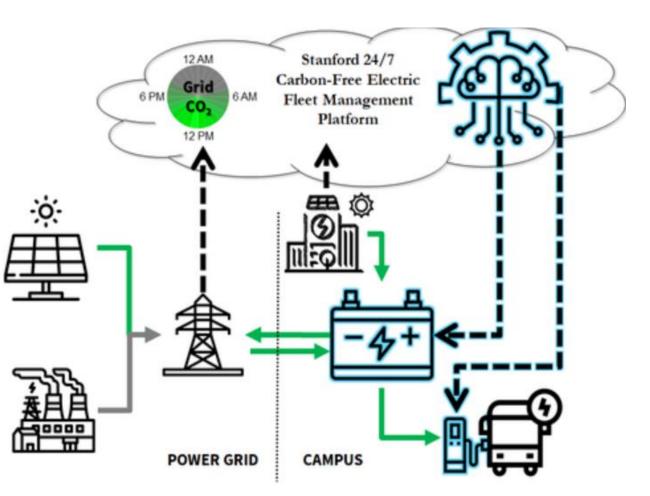




Focus: Energy Storage

Case Study: Stanford University

- Combination of battery storage and solar
- Battery helps cover time periods without solar generation which tends to be the most expensive and dirtiest electricity
- \$2.3M savings in electricity costs forecasted over 10 years; \$1.4M from demand charges
- 98% reduction in emissions
- EMU traction power is a more challenging use case





Focus: Energy Storage

Caltrain

Caltrain is pursuing an RFI to explore available options to achieve the following goals:

- 1. Reduce peak energy usage (potential for \$3+ million in annual savings)
- 2. Capture regenerative braking energy for use on the system (\$1-3 million in annual savings)
- 3. Create system resiliency in instances of broad grid outages (non-financial benefits) Potential solutions:
- Battery storage
- Flywheels
- Capacitors

Regenerative braking energy is generated in very spiky (high MW over short duration) bursts presenting an unusual and difficult use case for traditional battery storage



Focus: Utility Agreements

What Exists Today?

Offered by Caltrain? Fees are collected today

Revenue: Not less than \$1,500 annual payment **per** agreement

Relevant Policies: Property Conveyance Resolution; Rail Corridor Use Policy

Condition of Assets:

• JPB has old agreements, including those inherited from Southern Pacific Railroad at the time of the corridor's purchase, that require updates

Staff Involved Today:

- Planning, Real Estate
- Rail Operations & Maintenance

What are Potential Opportunities?

Ensure and collect market rate fees from utility agreements *Rough Estimate of Revenue Potential:*

~\$200,000 to \$400,000 annually¹

Potential Challenges

- Needs thorough review and management of agreements, primarily stored in paper files
- Technical review of utility locations relative to JPB ROW

1. Based on potential fees received by JPB from license and lease agreements that have potential for renegotiation.



Focus: Commercial Property Leasing

What Exists Today?

Offered by Caltrain? Commercial leasing: Yes; Vending, pop-ups, and interim programming: Some

Revenue: \$1.2M annually from rents

Relevant Policies: Property Conveyance Resolution; RCUP; Currently drafting a Commercial Lease Strategy

Condition of Assets:

• There are vacant or underutilized commercial spaces in stations or along the ROW

Staff Involved Today:

- Planning, Real Estate
- Rail Operations & Maintenance

What are Potential Opportunities?

Pilot commercial strategy complemented by pop-up retail use and special events Rough Estimate of Revenue Potential:

~\$75,000 to \$250,000 annually

Potential Challenges

- Commercial asking rates are down with pandemic-induced hybrid work patterns and drop in foot-traffic
- Near-term market conditions may affect attracting tenants
- Property characteristics may deter tenants seeking "Class A"
- Historic properties require significant up-front improvements and associated cost



Focus: Transit-Oriented Development

What Exists Today?

Offered by Caltrain? No, but one agreement is in place

Revenue: \$0

Relevant Policies: RCUP, TOD Policy, Adopted 2019 Service Vision, Surplus Land Act (SLA), Local Land Use Regulations

Condition of Assets:

- JPB has a limited number of properties suitable for TOD, around 17-acres total excluding SF Railyards
- Five key TOD sites from 2019 Service Vision

Staff Involved Today:

- Planning, Real estate
- Rail Operations & Maintenance

What are Potential Opportunities?

Expand Caltrain's TOD Program

Rough Estimate of Revenue Potential:

~\$4.0 to \$8.0M Per Year Portfolio-Wide Depending on the Number Sites¹

Potential Challenges

- Local and statewide affordable housing requirements could exceed JPB's TOD Policy requirements
- Complex regulatory and entitlement processes
- Cost of replacement transit parking cost prohibitive, if required
- Some TOD properties identified are in poor condition
- Two of the five sites require partnerships to advance

1. This is in addition to the average of \$1.2M per year in commercial leases today. This estimate is based on preliminary study on select station leases ranging from 1,000 to 3,000-square feet in rentable area.



Focus: Transit Oriented Development

- Five current priority sites:
 - San Francisco Railyard
 - Hayward Park TOD
 - Redwood City Station property
 - Mountain View Station property
 - Diridon TOD
- Additional sites may be identified based on updates to the Adopted Service Vision and Rail Corridor Use Policy

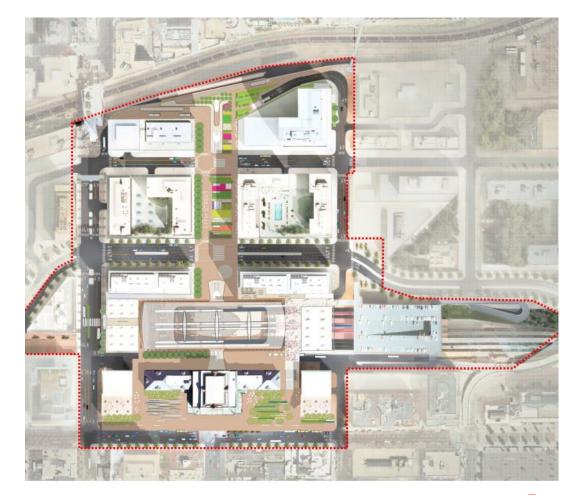




Focus: Transit Oriented Development

Denver Union Station (DUS) Overview

- 19-acre project, surrounded by a master-planned area
- Completed in 2014
- Transit components included: underground bus facility, heavy rail, light rail, shuttle
- Mixed-use development: residential including affordable housing, office, retail, hotel, public space
- Renovation of the historic station as a separate project/transaction by RTD
- Project Cost: \$480M
- Tax Increment generated over 11 years: \$1.1B





Focus: Transit Oriented Development

Key Takeaways for DUS' Successful Delivery

Require extensive and sustained local, regional, and state support and collaboration





Create a governance structure with authority to finance and deliver transit elements

Communicate a consistent, clear, and compelling messaging of the project's value for the city, region and state



Partner with the private sector early to ensure feasibility and often during implementation





Take advantage of multiple financing tools and creative sources of funds while managing financial risks



Maintain momentum, with civic and political will to deliver milestones and ensure continued funding and support



Discussion Questions

Fare Revenue & Ridership Growth

- If necessary, should staff prioritize fare revenue growth over ridership growth?
- What other changes could Caltrain consider to its Fare Structure in the longer-term, with the new capabilities and data from forthcoming Next Generation Clipper? What would be the desired outcomes from these changes?

Non-Fare Revenue Strategies

- Of the non-fare revenue strategies, how would the board guide staff in prioritize resources needed for the short-, medium-, and long-term strategies?
- To support the implementation of various strategies, is the Board open to necessary policy updates, such as service vision plan, TOD/affordable housing policy, and unsolicited proposal policy?



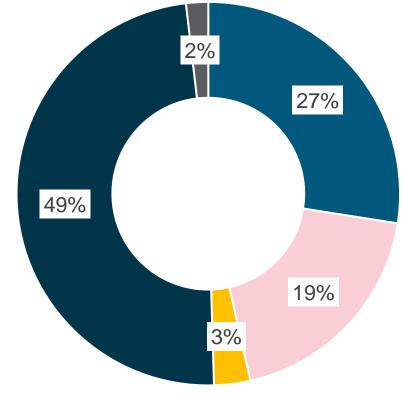
Director, Grants and Fund Management: Michelle Stewart



10-Year Capital Improvement Plan

CIP adopted in November 2024

Caltrain's owned Strategic Initiative	Total Funding Needs for FY2026-FY2035 (\$M)
Maintain Core Services	\$ 960
Enhance Service and Customer Experience	\$ 660
Provide a Safe and Secure Railroad	\$ 110
Deliver the Long-Range Service Vision	\$ 1,700
Mandate, Compliance and Emergency Projects	\$ 70
Total	\$ 3,500



Maintain Core Services

- Enhance Service and Customer Experience
- Provide a Safe and Secure Railroad
- Deliver the Long-Range Service Vision
- Mandate, Compliance, and Emergency Projects

Caltrain

Capital Program Funding Priorities & Challenges

Program Priorities

- **SOGR Projects and Programs:** Prioritized to ensure safe and reliable service. Guadalupe River Bridge Replacement is a critical infrastructure project.
- **Safety Projects:** Collaborating with Caltrain's Member Agencies to fund local-level initiatives, including grade crossing enhancements, new ROW fencing, CCTV installations at stations.
- Enhancement & Customer Experience: Temporarily deferred as Guadalupe work is finalized.
- Exception: Small improvements or necessary completions.
- Locally funded projects (e.g., Diridon Station Environmental).

Challenges

- **Operating deficits** redirected flexible funds away from capital needs.
- Federal funding outlook is uncertain, currently the largest remaining source.
- **Increased construction costs** are limiting what we can deliver with existing funds.



Funding Challenges for Systemwide Projects



Needs for systemwide projects far exceed the available funding



- Each member contributes equally (\$5M/year). Contributions can't increase unless all counties match
- \rightarrow Counties must be in the same financial position



Potential Solutions:

- Moving away from an annual equal-share model for TA contributions to a longer-term structure.
- Identify elements within systemwide projects that could be delivered as local project with significant localized benefits



Improving Flexibility in TA Funding Contributions

Current Situation:

- Annual 1/3 equal funding contribution from each member agency
- Annual funding level set by the member agency with lowest funding capacity which limit overall funding

Proposed Approach:

- Use the 4-Year Rolling Program to assess the member contributions over a longer period.
- Total equal contribution over a 4-year period.
- Define reporting procedures to ensure accountability and tracking.

Benefits:

- Enables counties with more resources to fully utilize their tax measure funds to advance priority projects
- Provides greater flexibility in funding capital project priorities
- Maintains a fair overall contribution across counties over time



Refocusing on Local Projects

- Counties have dedicated tax measures that fund Caltrain
- These measures vary in size and fund flexibility/eligibility by county
- Some counties have available funds <u>now</u> (additional to their \$5M) and can fund critical local projects without the requirement of the matches from other member agencies.

Critical projects that could be implemented at the local level:



Safety Enhancements Grade Crossing Rapid Deployment Grade Crossing Safety Projects Right-of-Way Fencing



Station Specific Enhancements CCTV at Stations Access/Accessibility improvements Wayfinding



Refocusing on Local Projects

Proposed Approach

- Develop county-specific **expenditure plans** over the life of each tax measure.
- Match local funding to **Caltrain-prioritized** local projects.

Benefits of This Approach

- Position Caltrain as a **collaborative partner** in investing local dollars and **demonstrating visible community impact.**
- Enables progress despite uneven funding capacity
- Increases transparency and long-term planning stability



State & Federal Advocacy

State Cap and Trade

- May Revision to the Governor's Proposed Budget
- Caltrain projects with synergy to California High-Speed Rail: "Book-End" Projects:
 - Safety-Focused: Crossing improvements and bridge SOGR
 - **Capacity-Enhancing**: Projects such as level boarding, signal modernization to improve throughput and operational efficiency
 - Northern California Major Regional Projects: The Portal/DTX, Diridon Station, UP right-ofway improvements (south of Tamien), and grade separations
 - Caltrain Operations & Maintenance: Ongoing support for electrified service and system reliability

Federal

- Transportation Reauthorization bill likely 2026
- Priorities: Formula Funding, Safety funding, CIG, Regulatory Streamlining



Discussion Questions

Local Priorities

 Staff will be working to match local sales tax measure resources with priority projects through an Caltrain-TA capital program delivery plan/process, so we can fully utilize the funding available (namely San Mateo's Measure A, Santa Clara's Measure B, and San Francisco) timely and cost effectively. How can staff leverage the Board's support during this process?

State & Federal Advocacy

- The Governor's May Revise proposes reductions to key Cap and Trade funded programs that Caltrain has historically depended on to support Capital investments, such as Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program (TIRCP) and Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities (AHSC). Does the Board have strategic guidance for staff as we advocate on behalf of Caltrain to maintain funding for these program?
- Caltrain's state of good repair program (SOGR) relies heavily on federal formula funds, namely Federal Transit Administration (FTA) 5337 funding of which funding is not yet appropriated starting in FY27. Staff will continue to advocate for funds in the reauthorization and appropriation process and other feedback from the Board?

Discussions & Next Steps

Executive Director: Michelle Bouchard



Where Should Staff & Funding Resources Go?

Quick Board Survey - Retake



Grow Ridership

- Promoting electrified service
- Special events
- Partnerships and promotions
- Engage employers in return-to-office efforts



Increase Fare Revenue

- Increase price for existing fare
 products
- Go Pass reform and promotion
- Eliminate Clipper discount
- Evaluate alignment of ridership and revenue growth

Generate Non-Fare Revenue

- Advertising & Naming Rights
- Fiber Optic Leasing
- Energy Storage and Solar
- Transit Oriented Development
- Real Estate assets/lease
 management

• Cost Containment/Reductions

- Reduce rail operator costs
- Ongoing effort to control and reduce wage and benefit costs
- Control and reduce non-labor costs



Funding Advocacy Efforts

- Operating funding support from State
- SB 63 Regional Measure
- Transit Development Act reform
- Cap and Invest program



- Feasibility of contributions for operations
- Partner with member agencies to utilize the funding dedicated to Caltrain timely and effectively
- Explore Caltrain-only measure



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Any additional comments from the Board?



Next Steps

- Adoption FY26 Operating and FY26-FY27 Capital Budget (June 2025)
- Ongoing FY27 Operating Budget development/strategy effort with the Budget workshop Feb/March 2026 and adoption in June 2026
- Recommendation for January 1, 2026 Fare Increase to the Board in the fall
- Fiber and energy storage project implementation plans update (Fall 2025)
- Ridership growth effort/Go Pass updates (December 2025)
- Next 10-Year SFP update (Winter 2026)
- Real Estate and TOD related policy and strategy update (Winter 2026)



Public Comments

