

#### Purpose

As an outcome of the **Business Plan**, the Corridor Crossings Strategy is an effort to **define a systematic corridor-wide approach** to crossings.

The strategy aims to align stakeholder ambitions into balance with an implementable program, addressing:

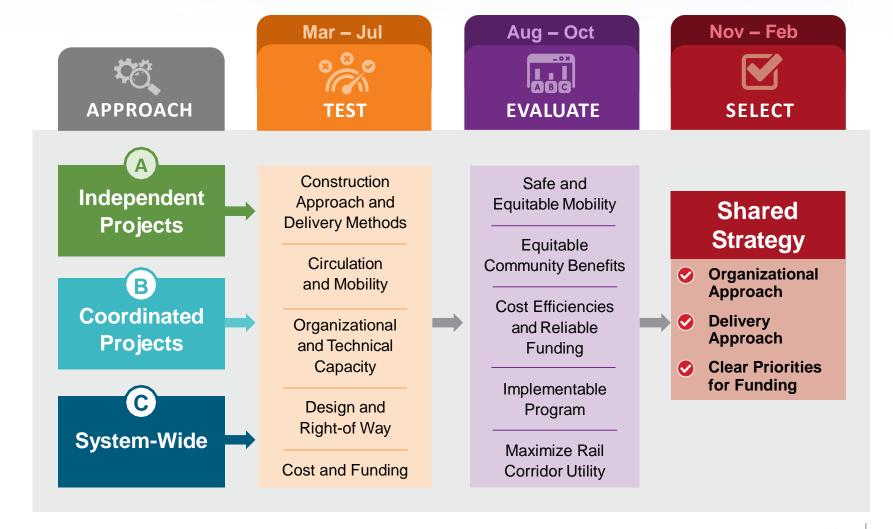
- Funding
- Organization
- Program Delivery

Note: Active grade separation projects will continue in parallel





#### **Program Strategy Process**











#### **Caltrain Corridor Current Status**

#### **Project Name**

South Linden Avenue and Scott Street Grade Separation

Burlingame Broadway Grade Separation

**Redwood City Grade Separation** 

North Fair Oaks Bicycle and Pedestrian Railroad Crossing and Community Connections

**Menlo Park Grade Separation Project** 

Middle Avenue Undercrossing

**Connecting Palo Alto** 

**Rengstorff Grade Separation** 

**Mountain View Transit Center** 

**Bernardo Undercrossing** 

**Mary Grade Separation** 

**Sunnyvale Ave Grade Separation** 

**12 Active Improvement Projects** between South San Francisco and Sunnyvale *on an electrified corridor* 

Also delivering grade crossing safety enhancement projects

#### Readiness-based approach to delivering projects

Caltrain obligated to deliver to every community with a service agreement

Utilizes Service Agreements or MOUs for allocation and commitment of Caltrain resources – approx. \$20M over the 12 active projects

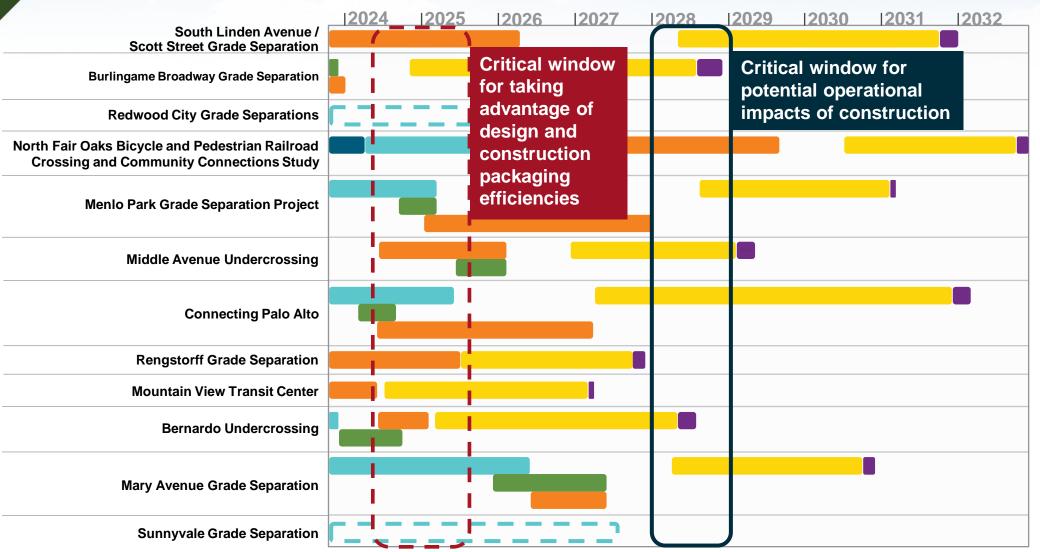
 Planning, Design and Construction, Operations and Maintenance, OCS/Traction Power, Safety, QA/QC, Commercial and Finance plus shared services (legal, communications, IT, procurement, real estate, and others)





## **Illustrative Project Schedules**









## Caltrain Corridor Active Grade Crossing Projects Preliminary Funding Gap

(\$ in millions)*	San Mateo County	Santa Clara County	San Francisco	Total
Caltrain Corridor Active Project Estimated Cost (\$2022)	\$1,900	\$1,300	TBD (sole project is at concept phase)	\$3,200
Estimated Committed Funding (All Sources)	\$300	\$800		\$1,100
Estimated Funding Gap	\$1,600	\$500		\$2,100

<sup>\*</sup>Table inclusive of projects on the Caltrain-owned corridor, exclusive of Diridon Area Committed Funding is a snapshot of all sources, including USDOT, State of California, County Measures (B in Santa Clara County, A and W in San Mateo County), and local (Measure K in Palo Alto + other committed local funds)







#### **Challenges with Current Delivery Model**

- Readiness-based approach makes timing commitments to funders and communities challenging
- Corridor-wide funding gap means competition for resources rather than coordination and collaboration
- Not identifying priority projects makes corridor grade separation projects less competitive for federal funding
- Opportunity cost to not coordinating project implementation through design and construction efficiencies
- Accountability to stakeholders is fragmented



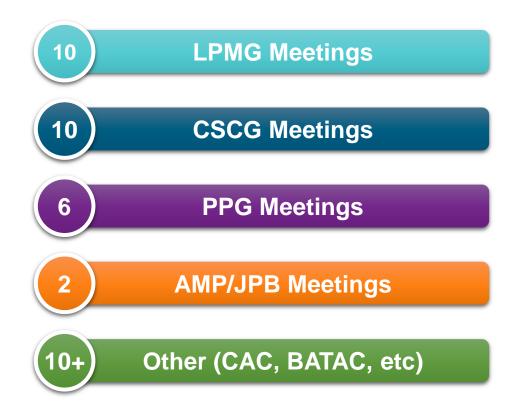




#### From Numerous Meetings, Partners Desire...

- A consolidated and coordinated program to accelerate the delivery of grade separation projects and to strategically pursue funding
- That Caltrain take a proactive and consistent role in delivering grade separation projects
- A consistent and transparent grade separation process
- A continued role for cities and a need for a grade separation program to reflect community vision

Throughout the life of the CCS, we have presented at...









## **Coordinated Program Approach**

Based on technical topics and community partner feedback a **coordinated program approach** brings the following benefits:

- ✓ Allows for a holistic methodology in implementing corridor crossings improvements
- ✓ Considers the unique characteristics along the corridor, and allows for implementation that considers geography, jurisdictions, and service
- ✓ Leverages the advantages of integrated planning, design, and delivery of projects within the corridor





<sup>\*\*</sup> Not a "one-size-fits-all" solution for the whole corridor \*\*

<sup>\*\*</sup> Cannot currently be accommodated with existing staff resources \*\*



## **Program Opportunities**



# Enable Caltrain to function more as a **DELIVERY**PARTNER



Operations and Construction Coordination



Project Packaging/ Staging/Approvals



Administrative/ Funding





#### **Examples of Leveraging Efficiencies**



#### **Operations and Construction Coordination**

Repeated Construction Methods (e.g., Box Jacking for Underpasses, Box Girder)

Knowledge Transfer between Projects

Corridor/Segment Work Windows

Targeted construction planning for the electrified railroad





## **Examples of Leveraging Efficiencies**



#### **Project Packaging/Staging/Approvals**

- Packaging projects to provide program economies of scale (e.g., MSE wall panels, rail ties, grading, OCS infrastructure)
- Leverage proximity of projects to minimize construction impacts and improve windows for contractors/communities





## **Examples of Leveraging Efficiencies**



#### **Administrative/Funding**

- Coordinated funding packaging for program/segments vs. projects
- Coordinated grant funding pursuits with State and Federal appropriators and agencies
- Consolidation of project management and oversight by county/segment









## **CSCG Workshop High-Level Report Out**



Develop a consistent multi-year plan to guide corridor crossing work shared across corridor stakeholders



Caltrain in position to lead plan development; endorsement and approval roles for other stakeholders







## **CSCG Workshop Detailed Report Out**

- CSCG recognized efficiencies in delivering projects that would come from a coordinated investment plan that combines funding and program delivery.
  - The program delivery components would find alignment and efficiencies on project timelines.
  - The funding component would develop consensus on priorities for the corridor from existing and new funding sources.
- CSCG agreed that confirmation of a coordinated investment plan should occur on a cyclical basis. Prioritization of corridor projects is critical for accomplishing this goal.
- CSCG discussed various ways corridor stakeholders could be engaged in developing and endorsing the coordinated investment plan.





#### **CSCG Discussed Plan Components**

#### CORRIDOR CROSSINGS INVESTMENT PLAN

- Program of projects
- Project delivery and construction sequencing
- Construction packaging and alternative delivery
- Project and program funding strategy
- Discretionary funding targets and applications
- Timing and need for gap funding

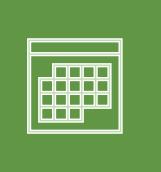




#### **Breakout Activity**



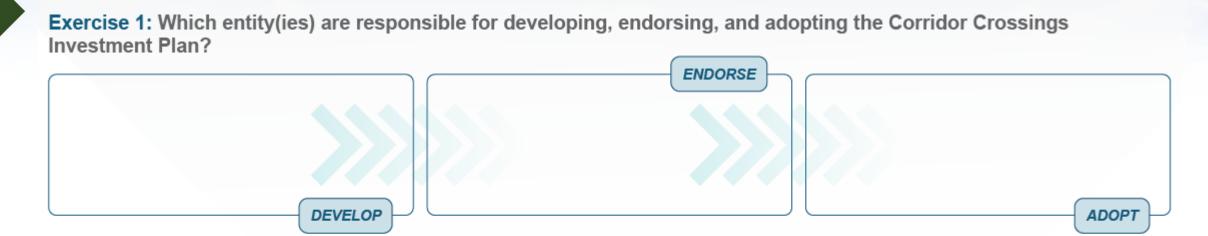
1. Create the development and approval process for a Corridor Crossings Investment Plan



2. Define cyclical process for revisiting and updating the Corridor Crossings Investment Plan





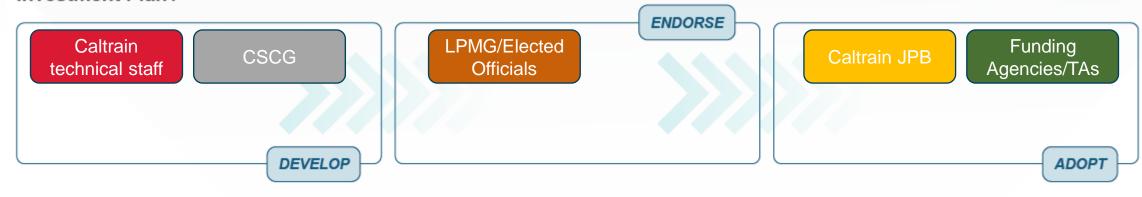


Exercise 2: What should be the timing and the cyclical process for revisiting and updating the Corridor Crossings Investment Plan?

YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5



Exercise 1: Which entity(ies) are responsible for developing, endorsing, and adopting the Corridor Crossings Investment Plan?

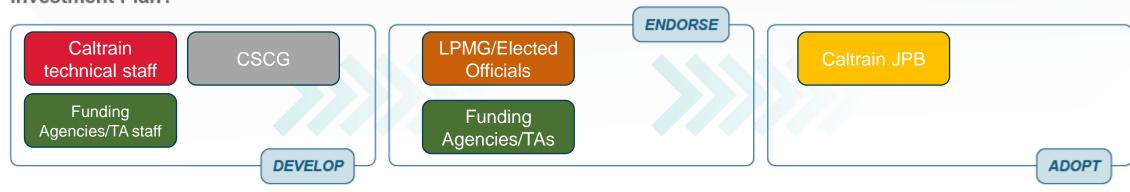


Exercise 2: What should be the timing and the cyclical process for revisiting and updating the Corridor Crossings Investment Plan?

YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5
Adopted 3-year Investment Plan	Annual Investment Plan adjustment (Caltrain + City staff level)	Annual Investment Plan adjustment (Caltrain + City staff level)	Adopted 3-year Investment Plan	Annual Investment Plan adjustment (Caltrain + City staff level)



Exercise 1: Which entity(ies) are responsible for developing, endorsing, and adopting the Corridor Crossings Investment Plan?



Exercise 2: What should be the timing and the cyclical process for revisiting and updating the Corridor Crossings Investment Plan?

YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5
Annual Investment Plan (staff level) Adopted Biennial Investment Plan with 6-year program horizon	Annual Investment Plan (staff level)	Annual Investment Plan (staff level) Adopted Biennial Investment Plan with 6-year program horizon	Annual Investment Plan (staff level)	Annual Investment Plan (staff level) Adopted Biennial Investment Plan with 6-year program horizon







#### Rail Crossing Elimination (RCE)



#### **FY22**

- First year of this USDOT Program
- 4 jurisdictions on the Caltrain Corridor applied
- City of Palo Alto was successful and awarded \$6M

#### **FY23**

- Second year of this USDOT Program, NOFO anticipated soon
- USDOT feedback has been that corridors with prioritized applications are more competitive for funding
- Grants range in scale \$500K- \$40M | 11 >\$15M
- Opportunity to coordinate Corridor Crossings Strategy investments







## Rail Crossing Elimination (RCE) NOFO



Is there an opportunity for a corridor-wide application?

