Mountain View **Transit Center Grade Separation** and Access Project **Project Delivery Strategy** 



## **Project Location**



## **Project Goals**

- Improve safety for all modes of travel
- Improve overall traffic flow
- Reduce traffic delays caused by gate down times
- Support the pedestrianization of downtown Mountain View including the Transit Center and Castro Street



## **Project Scope**

### **Evelyn Ave. ramp to Shoreline Blvd.**

Reroutes traffic and allows vehicle closure at tracks

### Pedestrian and bicycle under crossings

- Castro St. entrance and Evelyn Ave. intersection
- Track undercrossing and concourse
- Central Expressway under crossings to Stierlin Rd. and Adobe building

#### Moffett Blvd.

Improvements and new shuttle loading



## **Evelyn Ramp to Shoreline**

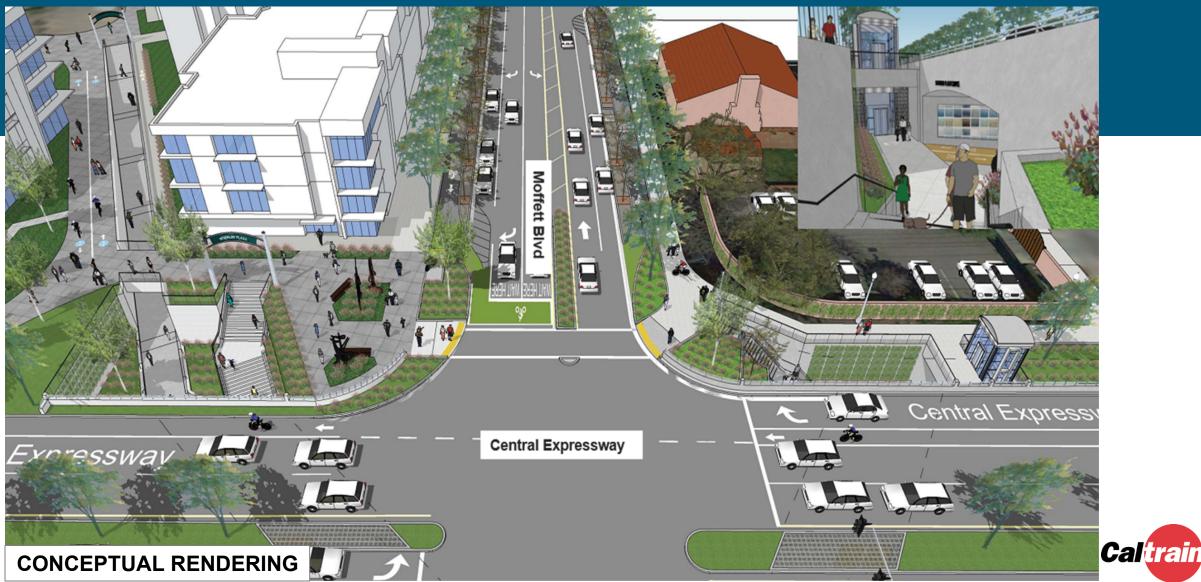




## Undercrossing



## Stierlin and Adobe Entrances



## **Overall Project Schedule**

Dates	Activity
June 2022	Board approval of Final Design Contract
July 2022 – June 2024	Final Design
July 2024 – Jan 2025	Bidding
Feb 2025 – August 2027	Construction
November 2027	Closeout



## Legislative Basis for CMGC CA Public Utility Code section 103393 et. seq.

### Allows District to use CMGC delivery after

 Evaluation of both traditional design-bid-build process and CMGC project delivery method in a public meeting





## Legislative Basis for CMGC CA Public Utility Code section 103393 et. seq.

### Allows District to use CMGC delivery after

- District must make a written finding that the use of CMGC will accomplish one or more of the following objectives:
  - Reduce project costs
  - Expedite the project's completion
  - Or provide features not achievable through the design -bid-build method





## Legislative Basis for CMGC CA Public Utility Code section 103393 et. seq.

### Written Findings must be

- Made prior to the District entering into a CMGC contract
- Included as part of any application for state funds for the transit project





### **Project Delivery Methods Evaluated**

### **Design-Bid-Build (Traditional)**

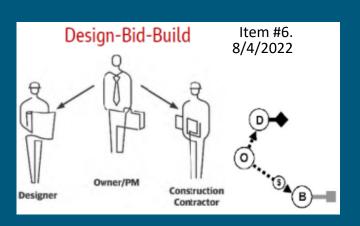
- Standard US project delivery method provides the baseline delivery method
- Contractual obligations are well understood by design and construction industry
- Typically, the longest project delivery duration

### **Construction Manager/General Contractor (CMGC)**

- Caltrain controls Final Design
- Maximizes cost savings opportunities commercial pricing
- Teamwork develops during design reducing conflict risk during construction



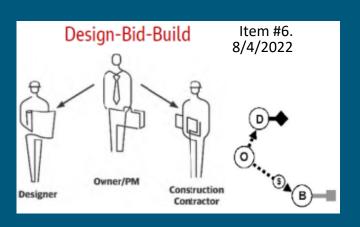
# Design-Bid-Build Advantages



- Competitive bidding = lowest initial price
- Designer and contractor "checks and balances"
- Rights and obligations well understood
- Exemption from competitive bidding not required
  - No public hearing and record of findings



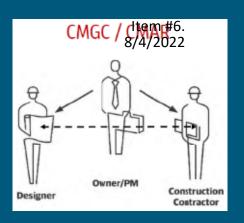
# Design-Bid-Build Disadvantages



- Optimistic pricing = increased likelihood of claims
- Eliminates communication between Caltrain-Contractor on constructability, work plans, mean and methods, and phasing during final design
- Risk of inadequate budget for jurisdictional stakeholder expectations, QC, schedule control, etc.
- Higher Caltrain construction administration
- Potential to develop adversarial positions



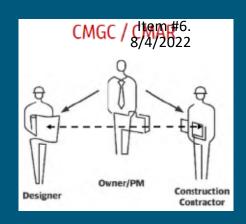
# **CMGC Advantages**



- Use of weight criteria for selection to match project demands
- Caltrain controls final design
- Maximizes potential cost saving opportunities commercial pricing
- Caltrain influences conduct of construction
  - Analyze options to meet stakeholder and jurisdiction expectations
  - Commercial pricing of options
  - Contractor buy-in



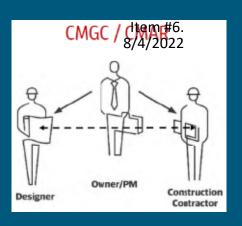
# **CMGC Advantages**



- Competitive pricing
  - Open-book evaluation of all costs
  - Appropriate risk apportionment
  - Sub-contracts are low-bid
  - Targeted best value to support diversity contracting
- Claim risk reduced due to early contractor involvement
- Schedule flexibility allows issue resolution
- Teamwork develops during pre-construction design phase, reducing conflict risk during construction



# **CMGC Disadvantages**



- CMGC exemption requires public hearing
- Reduces competitive leverage on General Conditions
- Claims may occur at subcontractor level



## **Project Delivery Workshop**

#### **Objective**

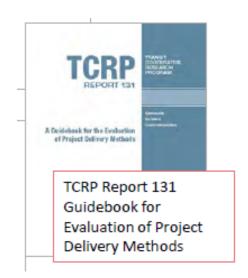
- Evaluate DBB vs CMGC
- Determine most appropriate delivery method

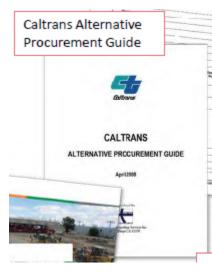
### **Participants**

Caltrain, City of Mountain View, and VTA staff

#### **Evaluation Tools**

- TCRP Report 131 Analytical Project Delivery Assessment
- Caltrans Modified Quantitative Project Delivery Method Selection











## Project Delivery Workshop - Results

Based on this project's unique features and complexities

Construction Manager/General Contractor delivery method most appropriate choice

Ranking or Scoring Method	Design-Bid-Build	Construction Manager General Contractor
TCRC Report 131 Analytical Method	45	62
Modified Caltrans Qualitative Method	42.2	132.2







## **CMGC Findings**Reduce Project Costs

### **Optimize Costs**

- Provides total contract price (TCP)
- Provides less competitive leverage on general condition pricing

### Secure competitive construction bids

 Owner has an off-ramp to competitively bid the construction phase if TCP agreement not reached with contractor



# **CMGC Findings Expedite Project's Completion**

#### **Optimize overall schedule**

Achieves reduced delivery time by overlapping traditional DBB procurement tasks

### Targeted construction schedule reductions

- Allows for early enabling construction work such as utility relocations and other site preparation work
- Allows for early procurement of long-lead items



## CMGC Findings Provide features not achievable under design bid build method

- Provide early contractor input to design to incorporate preferred construction means and methods and phasing
- Allows for collaboration between the owner, designer, and contractor to deliver project requirements
- Early bid packages:
  - Utility relocation
  - Procurement and/or fabrication of long-lead items
  - Advance bid package for discreet critical path items like bridge foundations and tunnel sections



## **CMGC Schedule**

Dates	Activity
July 2022	Board approval of CMGC Project Delivery Method
August 2022 – April 2023	RFQ/RFP for Construction Manager General Contractor Services
May 2023	Board approval to award CMGC Contract
June 2023	CMGC Contractor begins review of 65% Design package



### Staff Recommendations

- Make findings that the use of CMGC will accomplish one or more of the required objectives pursuant to Public Utility Code Section 103395
- Authorize use of CMGC project delivery method



## Questions





FOR MORE INFORMATION

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